Lesson 1 Who Stayed Out Late to Play? (Poem)(Writing Work for book and copy)

- A. Tick the correct answer: (In Book)(page-2)
 - 1. Someone is
 - a. greeting sunshine.(✓)
 - b. frightening sunshine.
 - c. waking up sunshine.
 - 2. The speaker
 - a. never slept at all.
 - b. slept after sunset.(✓)
 - c. slept before the sun had set.
 - 3. The sun doesn't go to sleep so that he can
 - a. play all night.
 - b. wake up the birds and bees.
 - c. see the children of the East. (\checkmark)
 - 4. When the sun rises,
 - a. only children wake up.
 - b. no one wakes up.
 - c. all creations of nature wake up.(\checkmark)

B. Answer the following questions: (In Copy)

1. The poem describes a conversation between two speakers. Who are the speakers?

Ans. The child and the sun are the two speakers.

2. Is the first speaker a child, a grown up or an old person?

Ans. The first speaker is a child.

3. Who is the speaker in the third and fourth stanzas?

Ans. The sun is the speaker in the third and the fourth stanzas.

C. Read the lines and answer the questions that follow. (In Book)(Page-3)

D. 1. 'I never go to sleep, dear child, I just go around to see

The little children of the East,

Who rise and watch for me.'

a. Who is being called **dear child** here?

Ans. The first speaker is being called dear child here.

b. (X)-Omitted

c. Who do the children watch for?

Ans. The children watch for the sun.

2. 'I waken all the birds and bees And flowers on my way,

And now come back to see the child Who stayed out late to play.'

a. Who is **I** in these lines?

Ans. The sun is I in these lines.

b. Why does the speaker say that he wakes up all the birds and bees?

Ans. The speaker says that he wakes up all the birds and bees because all creations of nature wake up when the sun rises.

c. Which child do you think stayed out late to play?

Ans. The first speaker of the poem stayed out late to play.

E. Match a word from each column to make compound words. (In Book)(Page-6)

| 1. | moon | mother(4). | <u>moonlight</u> |
|----|--------|------------|------------------|
| 2. | butter | made(5). | butterfly |
| 3. | grass | mint(6). | grasshopper |
| 4. | grand | hopper(3). | grand mother |
| 5. | home | light(1). | <u>homemade</u> |
| 6. | pepper | flv(2). | Peppermint |

Q. Write a or an before the nouns. (in book) (page 4)

- 1. Raj, you bring a snack and Ravi, you bring a fruit.
- 2. Preeti carried an umbrella to the market.
- 3. Satish brought **an** orange for lunch.
- 4. Please call a taxi. We will go out for dinner.
- 5. She wanted to eat **an** ice cream.

Q. Write a or an before the nouns. (in book) (page 7)

- 1. We have <u>a</u> new neighbor next door.
- 2. The are **a** family of six people.
- 3. Both **the** parents of the child a doctors.
- 4. They have a boy and a girl. The boy's name is Ali. The girl's name is Sana.
- 5. They have $\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ dog, too. $\underline{\mathbf{The}}$ dog plays all the time.

Q. Read the sentences and put commas wherever necessary. (In book) (page 9)

- 1. She likes pudding, but he loves ice cream.
- 2. My teacher read, and we listened.
- 3. After I go, do shut the door.
- 4. Ira ate the pie, but Simi wanted the cheesecake.
- 5. Simi coloured the sun, the stars, the mountains and the grasslands.