## Ch-1 Looking Back

## Points to Remember

1) The numbers from $1,2,3,4,5 \ldots \ldots$ and so on are called counting numbers.
2) When 0 is included to the counting numbers, then the numbers are called whole numbers.
3) Names or symbols used to represents numbers are called numerals.

For example:- 5 or V both are numerals.

## Self Practice 1

1. Fill in the blanks.
(a) The smallest counting number is $\qquad$ .
(b) The smallest whole number is $\qquad$ .
(c) Thirteen thousand five hundred eighty-six is written as $\qquad$ .
(d) The face value of the digit at $\qquad$ place is the same as its place value.
(e) 7 is at the $\qquad$ place in 79,325 .
(f) The predecessor of the successor of the largest 4-digit number is $\qquad$ .
Solution 1:- (a) 1
(b) 0
(c) 13,586
(d) ones
(e) ten thousands
(f) 9,999

## Do Q1 in book only.

2. Write each of the following numbers in words.
(a) 95,803
(b) 80,780
(c) $9,00,800$
(d) 7,99,777

## Solution:-

(a) $95,803 \rightarrow$ Ninety five thousand eight hundred three
(c) $9,00,800 \rightarrow$ Nine lakh eight hundred.
(d) $7,99,777 \rightarrow$ seven lakh ninety nine thousand seven hundred seventy seven
3. Write the following number names in numerals.

|  | Number Name | Numeral |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | Fifty-four thousand seven hundred nine | $\mathbf{5 4 , 7 0 9}$ |
| (b) | Eighty-seven thousand sixty |  |
| (c) | Sixty-eight thousand seventy-five | $\mathbf{6 8 , 0 7 5}$ |
| (d) | Five lakh forty-eight thousand fifty-nine |  |
| (e) | Nine lakh ninety thousand nine hundred | $\mathbf{9 , 9 0 , 9 0 0}$ |
|  |  |  |

## In Q3 (b) and (d) are homework. Do it in book

4. What is the place value of $\mathbf{9}$ in the following numbers?
(a) 59,730
(b) 28,019
(c) 36,192
(d) 20,953

## Solution 4: -

## (a) $59,730 \rightarrow 9,000$ <br> (d) $20,953 \rightarrow 900$

In Q4 (b) and (c) are homework.
5. Find the difference between the place values of
(a) two fours in 60,474.
(b) two sevens in 17,479 .
(c) two eights in $8,90,853$.

Solution 5:- (a) two fours in $\mathbf{6 0 , 4 7 4}$

The place value of 4 at ones place in 60,474 is 4 .
The place value of 4 at hundreds place in 60,474 is 400

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Difference }=\begin{array}{r}
3910 \\
4080 \\
\\
\\
\hline
\end{array} \quad 4 \\
& \hline 396
\end{aligned}
$$

$\therefore$ The difference is 396 .
(c) two eights in $\mathbf{8 , 9 0 , 8 5 3}$
sol(c):- The place value of 8 at hundreds place in $8,90,853$ is 800 . The place value of 8 at lakhs place in $8,90,853$ is $8,00,000$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Difference } & =\begin{array}{r}
7,9910 \\
\\
= \\
\hline 7,99,200
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

$\therefore$ The difference is $7,99,200$
In Q5 (b) is homework.
6. (a) Arrange the following numbers in ascending order.

$$
80,808 ; 80,088 ; 88,008 ; 80,008 ; 88,808
$$

Solution 6 (a):-

$$
80,008 ; 80,088 ; 80,808 ; 88,008 ; 88,808
$$

(b) Arrange the following numbers in descending order. 76,$548 ; 87,465 ; 67,845 ; 87,654$

Solution 6 (b):-

$$
87,654 ; 87,465 ; 76,548 ; 67,845
$$

7. Counting by fives, write the numbers from
(a) 8723 to 8743
(b) 15910 to 15930
(c) 80989 to 81014
(a) $\mathbf{8 7 2 3}$ to $\mathbf{8 7 4 3}$

Solution 7 (a) :- 8,723 ; 8,728 ; 8,733 ; 8,738 ; 8,743
(b) 15910 to 15930

Solution 7 (b) :- 15,910 ; 15,915 ; 15,920 ; 15,925 ; 15,930

In Q7 (c) is homework.
8. Form the largest and the smallest possible numbers made from each of the following groups of digits.
(a) $4,3,5,0,2$
(b) $5,0,1,2,3,7$
(c) $9,7,4,1,6,2$

Solution 8: - (a) 4, 3, 5, 0, 2
Largest number $=54,320$
Smallest number $=20,345$
(c) $9,7,4,1,6,2$

Largest number $=9,76,421$
smallest number $=1,24,679$

In Q8 (b) is homework.

