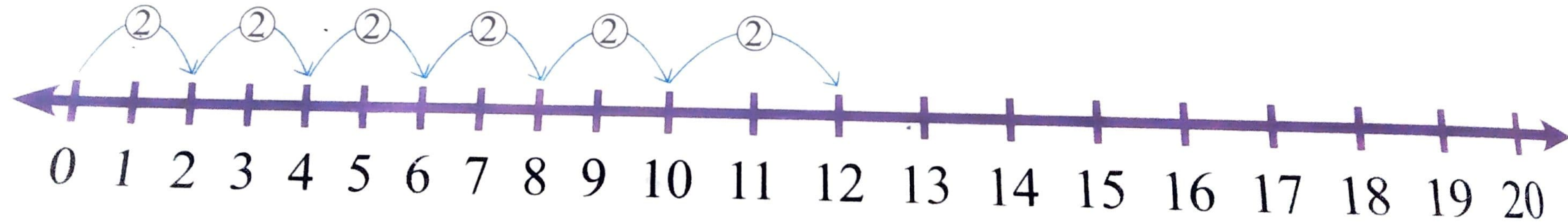




Exercise 2

A. Add repeatedly using the number line.



2 is added 6 times.

$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 12$$

$$\text{or } 6 \times 2 = 12$$

B. First add repeatedly and then write as a multiplication statement.

1.



$$3 + 3 + 3 = 9$$

$$3 \times 3 = 9$$

4.



$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 10$$

$$5 \times 2 = 10$$

2.



$$4 + 4 + 4 = 12$$

$$3 \times 4 = 12$$

5.



$$5 + 5 = 10$$

$$2 \times 5 = 10$$

3.



$$3 + 3 = 6$$

$$2 \times 3 = 6$$

6.



$$4 + 4 = 8$$

$$2 \times 4 = 8$$

Beyond the Chapter

When we add a number to itself once, the answer is called the **double** of the number.

For example, $5 + 5 = 10$ or $2 \times 5 = 10$

10 is called the double of 5.

Find the double of the numbers.

a. $2 + 2 =$ _____

or $2 \times 2 =$ _____

The double of 2 is _____

b. $4 + 4 =$ _____

or $2 \times 4 =$ _____

The double of 4 is _____