

EVS REVISION EXERCISE

LESSON-3

I. Fill in the blanks:

1. Neighbourhood contains houses of our neighbours, markets, hospitals, school, parks, banks, places of worship etc.
2. Landmarks help us to identify the destination.
3. A map is a drawing of a particular area on a flat surface.
4. Physical maps show the landforms such as mountains, deserts oceans etc.
5. Map scale is the ratio between the distance on ground and the distance on the map.

II. Match the columns:

1. Neighbours - families live around our house.
2. Sketch - rough, quickly-made drawing of a place
3. Thematic maps - represents climatic variations.
4. Cartography - process of map making.
5. Signs and symbols - depicts roads, rivers, bridges, buildings

III. Name the following:

1. The path along which something or some one move, points at or faces . [Direction](#)
2. Four cardinal directions—[North, South, East, West](#)
3. Four Ordinal directions- [north-east, south-east, north-west, south west](#)
4. It is just above the northern horizon of the sky. [Pole star](#)
5. Which maps show the political boundaries of countries, states, districts, etc? [Political maps.](#)

IV. Write True or False:

1. Maps are produced on computers using a software called Geographical Information System or GIS. [True](#)
2. Demographic maps show transport, roadways, etc. **False**
3. Title describes the theme of the map. [True](#)
4. The top of a map is always south. **False**
5. Colours, signs and symbols are contained in a small box or table called keys or legends.
