Ls 5. Operations on Large Numbers
ADDITION

- Two or more numbers which are to be added are called addends.
- The answer of addition is called Sum.
- Addend 1 + Addend 2 + Addend 3 = sum

Self Practice 5 A( Pg No. 39)

e)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { (1) (2) (1) } \\
& \begin{array}{r}
5 \\
5 \\
8
\end{array} 266400211 \\
& 20,99,31,902
\end{aligned}
$$

f)

$$
\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrr}
\text { (1) } & \text { (1) } & 1 & 11 & \text { (1) } & 11 \\
7 & 9 & 0 & 2 & 4 & 1 & 2 & 6 & 5 \\
+ & 2 & 1 & 8 & 1 & 2 & 6 & 4 & 5 \\
7 & 0 \\
7 & 3 & 3 & 9 & 5 & 8 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\
\hline 1,7 & 4, & 2 & 3, & 2 & 5 & 7 & 1 & 8 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

2. Add $44,16,98,853+7,75,09,162+59,96,78,437+$ $7,72,564$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{llllllll}
\text { (2) } & \text { (1) } & \text { (2) (2) } & \text { (2) (2) } & \text { (2) } & \text { (1) } \\
4 & 4 & 1 & 6 & 9 & 8 & 8 & 5
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{lllll}
7 & 75 & 09 & 1 & 62 \\
9 & 96 & 78 & 4 & 3
\end{array} \\
& 7 \quad 72 \quad 564 \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\hline 1,11,96,59,016 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

H.W. - Q1- c,d
a)

$$
\begin{array}{rccccccc} 
& \text { (1) } & \text { (2) } & \text { (1) } & \text { (2) } & \text { (1) } & \\
5 & 3 & 5 & 6 & 4 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\
+ & 8 & 2 & 4 & 7 & 3 & 7 & 8 \\
6 \\
7 & 3 & 8 & 9 & 4 & 0 & 9 & 5 \\
\hline 20 & 9 & 9 & 3 & 1 & 9 & 0 & 2 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

f)

$$
\begin{array}{rccccccc}
\text { (1) } & \text { (1) } & \text { (1) } & \text { (1) } & \text { (1) } & 11 & & \\
7 & 9 & 0 & 2 & 4 & 1 & 2 & 6 \\
5 \\
+ & 2 & 1 & 8 & 1 & 2 & 6 & 4 \\
5 & 0 \\
7 & 3 & 3 & 9 & 5 & 8 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

2. Add $44,16,98,853+7,75,09,162+59,96,78,437+$

$$
7,72,564
$$

$$
\begin{array}{rrrrrr}
\text { (2) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) } & \text { (2) } & 1 \\
4 & 4 & 9 & 8 & 5 \\
9 & 75 & 0 & 9 & 1 & 6 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

3. Copy and subtract -
a)

|  |  | 4 | 9 | 2 | 7 | 10 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 | 2 | 7 | $\$$ | 0 | $\beta$ | 8 | $\phi$ |
| - | 0 | 7 | 1 | 7 | 5 | 9 | 3 |

$6,20,32,7,87$
b)

$$
\begin{array}{rcccccccc}
3 & 9 & 9 & 11 & 3 & 17 & 8 & 9 & 17 \\
4 & 0 & 0 & \times & 4 & 7 & 9 & 0 & 7 \\
- & 3 & 6 & 5 & 1 & 8 & 6 & 9 & 8 \\
\hline 3 & 6 & 3 & 6 & 2 & 9 & 2 & 0 & 9 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

4. Subtract :
a) $\begin{array}{lllllllll}8 & 8 & 94 & 9 & 9 & 11 & 8 & 10\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllllll}9 & 0 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 9 & 0 \\ 8 & 9 & 6 & 4 & 3 & 8 & 5\end{array}$
$8,15,35,805$
H. $\omega \rightarrow b$
H.W. Q3- c Q4- b
5. How much is 7 crore more than five lakh seventy eight thousand?

Solution $\rightarrow$

6. What must be added lo $70,62,369$ lo make it equal to eighty lakh?

Solution $\rightarrow$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
7999 \\
8090910 \\
-\quad 9062,369 \\
\hline 09,37,631 \\
A_{n_{0}}=9,37,631
\end{array}
$$

7. Copy and simplify :

$$
2,89,46,837+7,96,85,498-9,99,86,999
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10,86,32,335 \quad 00,86,45,336
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { Ans }=86,45,336
$$

8 Neha sought a fully furnished penthouse for eight croze seventy five thousand rupees If the cost of Alnnisthing alone was $11.78,2$ ) rupees, find the cost of the house.
Solution $\rightarrow$
Cost of fully furnished penthouse $=\sum 8,00,75,00$
Cost of furnishing $=\sum 11.78,970$
$\therefore$ Cost of the house

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\overline{2} 8,00,75,000-\overline{2} 11,78,970 \\
& =\overline{2} 7,88,96,030
\end{aligned}
$$

An. The cost of the hover is $₹ 7,88,96,030$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{llll}
7 & 9 & 9 & 86 \\
8 & 8 & 4 \\
8 & 9 & 8 \\
\hline
\end{array} \\
& \text { \& Q } \quad 7 \$ Q 00 \\
& \text { - } 1178978 \\
& 7,88,96,03
\end{aligned}
$$

